CORE CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY TRAINING & **KNOWLEDGE BASE**

- 1.
- Study days will be modular and bimonthly. All 18 modules will be completed over 3 years. 2.
- 3.
- Sessions will run from 10am to 4pm (approximately) Sessions will rotate through all North West partner venues 4.
- Sessions will be open to all trainees: MRC fellows as well as CPT 5. trainees etc.
- Additional modules may be run as necessary 6.
- The order and content of modules will vary according to the collective 7. development needs and wishes of the trainees.

Module	Module Title	Topics to be covered
1.	Drug Action in Humans	 Receptors, agonists and antagonists Structure-activity relationships Dose-response curves Efficacy and potency Principles of pharmacodynamic studies and surrogate endpoints
2.	Principles of Pharmacokinetics 1	 Absorption and distribution Metabolism and excretion Concepts—half-life, volume of distribution, clearance Common analytical methods and their limitations (including GLP) Individual variability including effects of disease
3.	Principles of Pharmacokinetics 2	 Mathematical concepts PK-modelling Population pharmacokinetics Bioavailability and bioequivalence Pharmacokinetics practical exercise
4.	Principles of Statistics* *statistical considerations to be incorporated throughout rest of programme as appropriate	 Sources of biological variation Common parametric and nonparametric tests Sample size determination Probability and significance Interpretation of study deign, analysis and results.
5.	Clinical Trial Design	 Applicability of pharmacokinetics to dosage regimen and study design Planning of clinical trial programme—use of preclinical and phase 1 data Study types and designs Populations for exploratory studies –healthy volunteers and patients Clinical trial design practical exercise
6.	Early Phase Clinical Trials 1	 Preclinical safety testing—toxicology and safety pharmacology. Use of investigator brochure Relationship between animal and human pharmacology Calculation of the starting dose: NOAEL and MABEL Dose –escalation studies: single ascending dose/multi ascending dose

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Module	Module Title	Topics to be covered
7	Early Phase Clinical Trials 2	 Proof of concept & safety studies Drug-drug interaction studies Drug-food interaction studies Use of biomarkers and pharmacodynamic endpoints, dose-response Within-trial decisions, data management, extraction and manipulation
8.	Late Phase Clinical Trials	 Phase III trial study design Analysis of efficacy endpoints Studies in different populations (renal and liver impairment) Options for data collection (manual and electronic) Contractual arrangements with investigators and contract research organisations
9	New and Emerging Technologies	 Pharmacogenomics Proteomics, transcriptomics and metabalomics Biomarker discovery and validation Next generation sequencing Systems biology
10	Adverse Drug Reactions and Pharmacovigilance	 Adverse Events and SAEs - collection, reporting, coding, ICH and CIOMS Mechanisms, predisposing factors in health and disease AE monitoring, post-marketing surveillance, spontaneous reporting, PSURs Databases and signal generation Benefit-risk assessment and issue and crisis management
11	Research Ethics Workshop 1	 Guidance on ethical research in humans (e.g. The Declaration of Helsinki and ICH) The legal framework in which REC operate in Europe and the UK Constitution/membership of research ethics committees (REC) Appropriate terms of reference of REC Informed consent practical 1
12.	Research Ethics Workshop 2	 Ethical considerations for Phase I studies Drafting submission of informed consent documents Confidentiality and data protection Indemnity and insurance Informed consent practical 2
13.	Medicines and Clinical Trials Regulation	 The general principles of medicines regulation Medicines regulation in UK, EU, USA and Japan Clinical trials regulation in the UK The MHRA Phase I Accreditation Scheme The role and responsibilities of the principle investigator

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Module	Module Title	Topics to be covered
14.	Rational and Cost-Effective Drug Use	 Factors that affect drug utilisation Role of government in licensing, pricing and cost-benefit analysis Pharmacoeconomics The role of NICE National and local formularies
15.	The Healthcare Marketplace	 Principles of health economics and quality of life Pharmacoepidemiology Marketing structure and competition, and price negotiations Product information, advertising and claims Measurement of healthcare, government policy and third-party reimbursement
16.	Discovery of New Medicines	 Disease target identification and selection Patenting new active substances Receptor-based approaches, enzyme inhibitors, genomics, proteomics Lead optimisation and candidate selection of molecules for investigation. In vitro and in vivo testing of new compounds
17.	The Role of the Pharmaceutical Industry	 Activities and contribution of International Conference on Harmonisation Regulatory submissions and quality control SmPCs and PILs Dear Dr letters and withdrawal of products Codes of practice, industry self regulation, advertising
18.	Clinical Pharmacology and Medi- cal Emergencies	 Risk management Phase I clinical trials and medical emergencies Anaphylaxis: molecular and clinical considerations Drug induced liver injury Case-based discussions











